

Can graphite be intercalated into a potassium ion battery?

Graphite is one of the most widely used anode materials in potassium-ion batteries (PIBs). However, the exact mechanism of K⁺ ions intercalation into graphite has not yet been fully understood. In addition, the intercalation process strongly depends on the selection of the electrolyte system.

How reversible is potassium storage in graphite anode?

By rational electrolyte design, highly reversible low-temperature potassium storage in graphite anode has been achieved for the first time. The as-prepared graphite-based potassium-ion full battery can reversibly charge/discharge in a wide temperature range between -30 and 45 °C with a considerable energy density of 197 Wh kg⁻¹ at -20 °C.

Is graphite a potassium ion battery anode?

Wang L, Yang J, Li J, et al. Graphite as a potassium ion battery anode in carbonate-based electrolyte and ether-based electrolyte [J]. *Journal of Power Sources*, 2019, 409: 24-30. Xing Z, Qi Y, Jian Z, et al. Polynanocrystalline graphite: a new carbon anode with superior cycling performance for K-ion batteries [J].

What is a dual graphite battery?

Dual graphite batteries, with graphite as both anode and cathode, eliminate the use of transition metal compounds and greatly lower the overall cost. Herein, combining the merits of the potassium ion battery and dual graphite battery, a potassium-based dual ion battery with dual-graphite electrode is developed.

What is a potassium ion battery?

Potassium ion batteries (KIBs) and potassium-based dual ion batteries (KDIBs) are newly-emerging energy storage devices that have attracted considerable attention owing to the low-cost of potassium resources and their comparable performance to lithium-ion batteries (LIBs).

What is the reversible capacity of potassium-based dual ion battery?

Herein, combining the merits of the potassium ion battery and dual graphite battery, a potassium-based dual ion battery with dual-graphite electrode is developed. It delivers a reversible capacity of 62 mA h g⁻¹ and medium discharge voltage of 3.96 V.

In the past decades, lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) have realized commercial utilization in portable electronics and electric vehicles [[1], [2], [3], [4]]. Nevertheless, the scarcity of lithium resources and the increasing cost of LIBs could hardly meet the ever-growing demand for energy storage in the future [[5], [6], [7]]. To date, significant efforts have been made to develop ...

Potassium-ion batteries (PIBs) are currently considered as a promising alternative to lithium-ion and

Potassium battery energy storage in graphite

sodium-ion batteries (LIBs and SIBs) [[1], [2], [3]]. The growing interest in PIBs is primarily motivated by the natural abundance of potassium and the possibility of achieving high energy and power densities due to the low standard redox potential of K^+/K , as well as the ...

Future renewable energy integrated grid systems require rechargeable batteries with low cost, high safety, and long cycle life. The much higher abundance of sodium and potassium compared to lithium in earth crust indicates that rechargeable sodium and potassium batteries are attractive replacements for lithium-ion batteries.

Potassium-ion batteries are gaining interest as grid-scale energy storage devices due to their abundant potassium sources and low cost. However, the large size K^+ ions (1.3 Å) cause severe structural damage to the host materials, leading to limited lifespan. Here, an ultra-stable potassium cathode composed of single-bilayer V_2O_5 is prepared, exhibiting high ...

Graphene-based materials recently attracted a huge attention due to their applicability in energy storage [8], [9], [10], [11]. Amongst those, graphite - the well-known negative electrode material in commercial LIBs - has significant promise also for KIBs due to its ability to intercalate K^+ ions, with a resulting high reversible specific capacity of 278 mAh/g, ...

The presented dual-graphite cell utilizes a potassium ion containing, ionic liquid (IL)-based electrolyte, synergetically combining the ...

In this contribution, we report for the first time a novel potassium ion-based dual-graphite battery concept (K-DGB), applying graphite as the electrode material for both the anode and cathode. The presented dual ...

On the contrary, the K^+ can intercalate into graphite to deliver a high theoretical capacity, which makes potassium ion batteries (KIBs) become a promising energy storage ...

The K^+ storage mechanism in PIBs is similar to that of Li^+ in LIBs. During charging, K^+ intercalates into the graphite anode, then de-intercalates and moves back into the cathode compounds during discharging, ...

Herein, we investigate the K^+ cation solvation for various differently concentrated KFSI in DME electrolytes by a combined Raman spectroscopy and DFT approach, and correlate this bulk local electrolyte structure to the observed storage mechanism in graphite followed by operando X-ray diffraction (XRD). To further clarify the intercalation mechanism, Monte Carlo ...

The K^+ storage mechanism in PIBs is similar to that of Li^+ in LIBs. During charging, K^+ intercalates into the graphite anode, then de-intercalates and moves back into the cathode compounds during discharging, enabling the reversible energy storage. [] For alloy anodes, K^+ is stored via metal alloy reactions. [] Over the past decade, driven by a strong ...

Potassium battery energy storage in graphite

Batteries are critical for decarbonisation of the transport sector and energy storage for renewables. However, the leading lithium-ion (Li-ion) chemistries meeting this demand are highly intensive ...

The poor cycling stability of graphite in traditional ester electrolyte limits its applications as anodes for potassium ion batteries (KIBs). ... THF into the commercialized ester electrolytes is an effective strategy to realize the high-performance of K + storage in graphite. In contrast, the battery with EC/DEC/G2 presents ...
Energy Storage ...

Potassium-ion batteries (PIBs) with huge advantages of low cost and high energy density have been considered to be one of the most potential energy storage technologies for grid-level storage of renewable energy. As the heart of PIBs, the electrolytes demonstrate determined role in the electrochemically K-storage thermodynamics and kinetics.

Carbon materials are widely explored as anodes for potassium-ion storage, yet the slow K + desolvation process in electrolyte at low temperatures presents a kinetic limitation that impedes reliable operation in specific conditions. In this work, we systematically investigate the potassium storage behavior of four typical carbon materials--graphite, hard carbon, activated ...

Lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) have been used vastly in portable equipment, electric vehicles and storage of renewable electric power, owing to high energy density, high working voltage, reliable cycle life, and their environmental friendliness [1], [2], [3]. Nevertheless, widespread application of LIBs suffers from serious challenges caused by uneven distribution ...

Challenges and future perspectives on sodium and potassium ion batteries for grid-scale energy storage. Author links open overlay ... In the past several years, graphite with various structures (polynanocrystalline ... In grid-scale energy storage systems, the batteries are generally packed to form a module to meet the capacity requirements and ...

The resultant battery offers an energy density of 207 Wh kg⁻¹, along with a high energy efficiency of 89% and an average discharge voltage of 4.7 V. Lithium-free graphite dual-ion battery offers ...

The graphite as the potassium ion battery anode is studied in KPF 6-EC/DMC and KPF 6-DME electrolytes is found that the graphite demonstrates superior rate performance with a capacity of 87 mAh g⁻¹ at a current rate of 10 C (corresponding to 2.8 A g⁻¹) and excellent capacity retention ability of 84% after 3500 cycles in DME-based electrolyte.

In this review, we mainly discuss the electrochemical reaction mechanism of graphite during potassiation-depotassiation process and ...

Potassium battery energy storage in graphite

A hybrid system consisting photovoltaic (PV) generation systems and battery energy storage systems (BESS) are generating interest on a global scale due to the scarcity of fossil fuels and environmental concerns [4]. Rechargeable lithium batteries, also known as Li-ion batteries (LIB), have proved to be the most promising devices to store energy ...

Documenting capacity and cyclic stability enhancements in synthetic graphite potassium-ion battery anode material modified by low-energy liquid phase ball milling [J] Journal of Power Sources (2020) ... Development status and future prospect of non-aqueous potassium ion batteries for large scale energy storage. Nano Energy, Volume 60, 2019, pp ...

The performance of potassium-ion batteries (PIBs) with a graphite anode is highly dependent on the composition of the solid electrolyte interphase (SEI), which includes both ...

However, the energy density of PIBs is limited by the lack of high-performance anode materials that offer both high potassium storage capacity and cost-effectiveness [[6], [7], [8], [9]]. Graphite is a promising anode material due to its exceptional electrical and thermal conductivity, excellent chemical stability, and unique layered structure [[10], [11], [12]].

By rational electrolyte design, highly reversible low-temperature potassium storage in graphite anode has been achieved for the first time. The as-prepared graphite-based potassium-ion full battery can reversibly charge/discharge in a ...

Over the past three decades, Li-ion batteries (LIBs) have driven the rapid growth of the portable electronic devices industry (Fig. 1a). Recently, the applications of LIBs have gradually extended to large-scale electric vehicles and energy storage stations, posing challenges regarding cost and resource abundance (Fig. 1b, c).

Potassium-ion batteries (PIBs) have attracted significant attention as a complement to lithium-ion and sodium-ion batteries (SIBs). PIBs can theoretically provide higher specific energy and power density than SIBs due to lower standard electrode potential of K/K^+ and faster K^+ ion diffusion, maintaining the benefits of low-cost and sustainability. However, research on ...

Exceptional cycling performance of graphite anode in K-ion batteries is demonstrated with a reversible capacity of 246 mAh g⁻¹ and 89% retention of the initial capacity after 200 cycles.

Potassium-ion batteries (PIBs) have attracted significant attention due to their low cost and high energy density spite being a promising anode candidate for PIBs, graphite is still plagued by limited capacity and fast capacity degradation with low coulombic efficiency (CE).

This work provides a strategy to boost the electrochemical potassium-ions storage performance of graphite anode by the introduction of nanopore structures into graphite and ...



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